

## NEW PUBLICATIONS.

## PENALOGICAL PROBLEMS.

**PRISONERS AND PUNTERS.** A Study of the Aberrations of Criminals and the Public Burden of Punishment in the United States; the Causes and Remedies. By Henry M. Boles, M. A. 12mo, pp. 313. G. P. Putnam's Sons.

The writer of this book has had much and long experience in the administration of penal laws, and especially the management of convicts in the great prisons of Pennsylvania. He has, moreover, carefully examined the statistics of crime in the country at large, and he has reached the conclusion (which his figures directly reinforce) that crime is largely on the increase in the United States, and that if the present methods are maintained it must swell year by year in cost and everything else until the people are fairly forced to apply themselves to the penal reforms which are recommended in these pages. Mr. Boles, however, it must at once be said, does not take issue with other experienced penologists. On the contrary, he takes frequent opportunity to show that he and they hold identical beliefs about the treatment and the future of crime. What differentiates him from his predecessors is the thorough-going nature and sweeping scope of the remedies which he so boldly advocates.

Thus the reader will soon find that the author has no faith in any so-called reformatory scheme, so far as habitual criminals are concerned. He holds that all the laborious and costly efforts hitherto made to regenerate this class have been worse than wasted. For he maintains that the habitual criminal is what he is through a perverted and defective organism; that he is literally permeated by vicious heredity; that in addition to this all his education is during the most actively formative years, in the direct line of vice; that all his normal dispositions and tendencies move in that direction; that, in short, he cannot help himself or change himself, however hard he tries to do so. Mr. Boles might—may, in our judgment he should—have marked the fact that society is itself doggedly opposed to the reform of the criminal, and that this opposition takes the shape of an ostracism which makes his every sentence permanent and which excludes him from the hope of public clemency.

It may be that this state of things is inseparable from the situation, but if so that only shows that it is the situation was altered. But Mr. Boles has drastic remedies to propose. What, he asks, is to be done with the great class of "defectives" who return to crime again and again, and who obviously cannot be prevented from so returning as long as they have any intervals of freedom? The plain answer of Mr. Boles to this crucial question is, "Don't let the habitual criminal return to freedom!" After a third conviction, in other words, he proposes to make the sentence for life; and he holds that this would produce excellent results in several ways. One, and not among the least weighty, he argues, would be the prevention of breeding criminals. In the course of a certain time the present race of them would die out; and unless a new generation was put on the stage by careless or evil legislation, there would be good ground for expecting quite a widespread moral expansion.

Of course so far-reaching a plan as this could not stand upon one feature alone. It must be combined with the wisest measures for the purpose. The labor of society must be devoted for years, and in terrible earnest, to the raising of its "mud-sills." The blight of intemperance, which even now produces about 75 per cent of all the crime committed in the country, would have to be dealt with. All kinds of help to social progress would have to be applied, not in tentative and fragmentary fashion, but with organized and persistent energy. Nor can it be said, after every conceivable allowance, that the prospect would be hopeful as to make the proposition a really practical question. In the first place it could never be disengaged from politics, for it would come directly home to the "business and bosoms" of the men who in all modern communities aim at acquiring State control by utilizing the "dangerous elements." One can imagine with what undisguised horror the henchmen of Tammany would receive a proposal to sequester all the habitual criminals. Where, then, it would be said, shall we get our votes at critical junctures, our "influences," all the sinews of our strength?

Any practical man who may have imagined that a scheme of this kind could be enacted without the most determined and persistent resistance knows little of the forces which have to be reckoned with. If ever we are to make an end of the habitual criminal class, we fear that a long and difficult period of preparation must be anticipated. Thus far—and the fact is significant—the most enlightened views of the most experienced penologists have, nine times out of ten, been simply rejected by those who ought to have given them the most respectful attention. Before any change for the better will be so stirred up as to realize that bad penology is only another name for public robbery, and that millions of the people's hard-earned taxes are annually drained away to fill gaps as hopeless as the jars of the Damned.

A few thinkers have already reached the common-sense conclusion. But the whole question is too new to the majority, and not understood fully that it do not feel interested in it. Nevertheless the publication of such a book as this cannot but produce a certain effect upon public opinion, for nearly everybody who thinks at all is well aware that the care of our criminals and paupers costs far too much. Now, when it is shown that not only is the cost excessive, but that it does not keep pace with the growth of crime, the conclusion must be clear to all. We are in fact paying two or three prices for the keeping of our defectives, and we are not really reforming them at all. Of course this last statement may seem to need some modification. The truth is that the criminal percentage is being constantly raised by the introduction to our population of an immigration which to a large extent represents the least desirable and most dangerous elements the populations of Europe can supply. There is the negro factor to be considered, but we gather from Mr. Boles that there is real hope as to the future of that. It is the foreign, and especially the non-English-speaking elements, which are increasing the percentage of crime, and who will doubtless continue to do this so long as the people put up with the situation.

These are among the graver questions which Mr. Boles discusses in a very frank and outspoken way, and none who read his book can doubt either his earnestness or the general fulness of his information. All these penological problems are being pushed more and more into public notice. Clearly not a few of them will have to be dealt with at no long distance, and those who avail themselves of Mr. Boles's introduction to the subject will be prepared to consider them intelligently.

## New Publications.

## THE MAYBRICK CASE.

## ENGLAND'S BRUTALITY.

By Dr. HENRY DENSMORE. With Open Letter from Genl Hamilton to the Home Secretary, to Lady Somerton, and to Mr. Gladstone.

A complete exposition of the case, proving Mrs. MAYBRICK'S innocence. Price 25 cents. All news-stands and booksellers, or mailed, postage free by

STILLMAN & CO., 1308 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Twentieth Edition, price 25c, or 25c, or 25c.

THE MAYBRICK HABIT. Why Falls Off. CHARLES A. M. LONG & CO., 1013 Arch St., Phila., Pa. "Every one should read this little book."—Atheneum.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

FREDERIC R. GOUDIER, Jr., Referee, CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.

CHARLES UNANGST, Plaintiff's Attorney, 34 Nassau Street, N. Y.